AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

IN THE ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE:

The Abstract of the Disclosure currently of record has been amended as follows:

Abstract of the Disclosure

The present invention provides a gas generator for an air bag which can ensure a reliability of operation start sufficiently and in which an operation performance as designed can be obtained securely without adding further members.—

The present invention is a gas generator for an air bag in which a moving body provided with a projecting portion for rupturing a first rupturable plate closing a first opening is provided between a first gas generating chamber and a pressurized medium accommodating chamber, and a second opening and a second rupturable plate for closing the second opening are provided at a position deviated from a hitting portion of the moving body rupturing the first rupturable plate.

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

The specification has been amended as follows:

Pages 9-10

The paragraph beginning on page 9, line 10 and ending on page 10, line 11 has been amended as follows:

Besides the igniter activated by receiving an activation signal is disposed in the gas generating chamber, the igniter and a gas generating agent burnt by activation of the igniter can further be disposed therein. As described above, naturally, a material generating a gas such as a mixture of a pressurized gas and an flammable—and a flammable gas or the like other than the solid gas generating agent may be used. In this case, a member for sealing such a mixed gas is disposed in the gas ejecting port and the flammable gas is burnt by activation of the igniter to warm the pressurized gas, thereby increasing pressures in the first and second gas generating chambers. When a pressure in the first gas generating chamber rises, the member sealing the gas ejecting port is ruptured and a gas flows into the pressurized medium accommodating chamber. In the case of providing also a gas generating agent, a charging amount of the pressurized medium can be reduced, so that a charging pressure for the pressurized medium can be decreased. Further, the thickness

of the housing can be made thin, and the weight of the gas generator can be decreased as a whole. Particularly, when the moving body is leaped by the pressure generated inside the first gas generating chamber to rupture the first rupturable plate and to run into the pressurized medium accommodating chamber, with a gas generating agent included in the first gas generating chamber, more sufficient pressure can be generated for making the moving body leap. Additionally, by making the moving body leap with a pressure generated inside the first gas generating chamber to rupture the first rupturable plate, operation reliability in the gas generator can be enhanced without any complicated structure.

Page 16

Lines 5-14 have been deleted in their entirety.

The paragraph at lines 16-18 has been amended as follows:

Embodiments of the invention will be explained as follows according to the drawings, but the invention is not limited to these embodimentembodiments.

Page 18

The paragraph at lines 16-26 has been amended as follows:

As shown in Fig. 2, the annular supporting member 35 has a section in a shape of substantially W-letter and is formed

of an elastic material such as metal. The annular supporting member 35 has a central cylinder 60 and an annular peripheral wall 61. An annular bent portion 62 folder folded in a U-letter shape is formed at a distal end of the annular peripheral wall 61. The annular supporting member 35 is fixed by making an annular base portion 66 of the central cylinder 60 abut against an end surface of the gas generator housing 12 and making the annular bent portion 62 press against an inner surface of the diffuser portion housing 31.